| 志聖歷屆試題 (100 導遊領隊考試) 100 年專門職業及技術人員普通考試導遊人員、領隊人員考試試題 |
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| 100 千千门城东风视柳八只自远与武守迎八只一领你八只马叫叫 <u>废</u> 類科:外語導遊人員 |
| 科 目:外國語(英語) |
| (A) 1. Hong Kong is one of the world's most thrilling Chinese New Year travel destinations. The is the spectacular fireworks display on the second day of the New Year. |
| (A)highlight (B)limelight (C)insight (D)twilight (B) 2. Didn't you hear the? Come on, we need to go now or we'll miss our flight. |
| (A)final calling (B)final call |
| (C) call final (D) call finally |
| (C) 3. A room or seat is being kept for someone rather than given or sold to someone else. |
| (A)refrained (B)restricted (C)reserved (D)reversed |
| (A) 4. Please check your ticket and that you are sitting in the correct seat. (A)make sure (B)be aware of (C)find out (D)pay attention |
| (B) 5. I love going away, but there's no place like |
| (A)house (B)home (C)my bed (D)outdoors |
| (A) 6. By 2050, Africa's population, both northern and sub-Saharan, is expected tofrom 900 million to almost two billion. (A)surge (B)decrease (C)derive (D)descend |
| (B) 7. When you arrive at the airport, the first thing you do is go to |
| (A) the departure lounge (B) the check-in desk |
| (C) the arrival desk (D) the customs (P) & Fermer Japanese F2 recor Takewuki Jada has opened the Taki Paging School on the |
| (B) 8. Former Japanese F2 racer Takayuki Ueda has opened the Taki Racing School on the outskirts of Bangkok. The school students aged over 16 years, even if they do not have a driver' s license. |
| (A)acquires (B)accepts (C)limits (D)arranges |
| (B) 9. As a collector, Mr. Strachwitz has built is believed to be the largest private collection of Mexican-American and Mexican music. |
| (A)that (B)what (C)who (D)which |
| (A) 10. Because son preference has been a significant phenomenon in Asia for centuries, the Chinese actually have a term for such: "bare branches" - branches |
| of the family tree that will never bear fruit. |
| (A) bachelors (B) barbarians (C) boycott (D) bazaar (A) 11. His one ambition in life was to go on to Kenya to photograph lions and |
| tigers. |
| (A)safari (B)voyage (C)ferry (D)yacht |
| (D) 12. One of Hualien's long-standing traditions is stone carving, which is not surprising considering the city's main is marble. (A) rigging (D) is malage. |
| (A)mission (B) jewelry (C) leisure (D) export |
| (B) 13. Many couples live together even though they are not married. The of their behavior are highly suspect, but technically they are within the law. (A) elit (B) es ethics (C) epics (D) excuses |
| (A) elit (B) es ethics (C) epics (D) excuses (C) 14. The hiking route of the Shitoushan Trail is notand so is suitable for |
| most people, including the elderly and young children. |
| (A)slick (B)smooth (C)steep (D)steady |
| |

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| (D) <i>15</i> . | The earthquake'swas such that hundreds of houses were destroyed and |
|------------------|--|
| | thousands of people were killed. |
| | (A)gratitude (B)attitude (C)latitude (D)magnitude |
| (D) <i>16</i> . | A good place to end a tour of Rome is the Trevi Fountain. Legend has it that if |
| | you toss a single coin into the Trevi, you are a return to Rome. |
| (| (A)preserved (B)obtained (C)dedicated (D)guaranteed |
| (C) 17. | It is time to talk about travel as the holiday season is now beginning in |
| | most countries north of the equator. |
| | (A)last (B)again (C)high (D)with |
| (D) <i>18</i> . | As a general rule, checked baggage such as golf clubs in golf bags, serfboards, |
| | baby strollers, and child car seats are not placed on a baggage |
| (A) 10 | (A)carnival (B)carrier (C)claim (D)carousel |
| (A) <i>19</i> . | If the rain doesn't stop soon, we should consider Joe's farewell party. |
| (D) 20 | (A)postponing (B)protecting (C)proposing (D)promoting you need to get in touch with me, you can reach me at 224338654 at my |
| (D) 20. | travel agency. |
| | (A)Those times (B)In case (C)At times (D)Sometimes |
| (B) <i>21</i> . | Motorists are strongly advised to when they drive along windy mountainous |
| | roads to avoid plunging into a ravine. |
| | (A)wear helmets (B)take caution |
| | (C)fasten seatbelts (D)keep afloat |
| (C) 22. | After singing the national, the President gave a speech about Taiwan's |
| | history and its people. |
| | (A)song (B)prayer (C)anthem (D)lullaby |
| (B) 23. | Theconsists of the usual march-past by the military and some interesting |
| | displays by the marching girls, martial arts clubs and dragon dancers. |
| | (A)performance (B)parade (C)paradise (D)paradigm |
| (B) <i>24</i> . | The students were completely about their graduation trip because the |
| | School wanted it to be a surprise. (A)under the ground (B)in the dark |
| | (A)under the ground(B)in the dark(C)off the hook(D)against the grain |
| (C) 25 | When a conversation, it is always best to ask very broad questions such as |
| (C) 20. | "Where are you from?" or "How long have you been here?" |
| | (A)innovating (B)igniting (C)initiating (D)inventing |
| (D) 26. | Demographers study population growth or decline and things like, which |
| | means the movement of populations into cities. |
| | (A)classification (B)normalization |
| | (C)industrialization (D)urbanization |
| (C) 27. | As introductory English now begins in elementary, rather than secondary school, |
| | and classes have begun to focus more on the spoken language, travelers to |
| | Taiwan can without having to attempt any Mandarin or Taiwanese. |
| | (A)take in (B)stop off (C)get by (D)pass along |
| (A) 28. | Cindy and her husband are so busy that it is difficult for them to dates |
| | for a vacation. |
| (1) 00 | (A)nail down (B)take up (C)bargain for (D)deal with |
| (A) 29. | Most taxi drivers in Kinmen prefer to ask for a fare rather than use the |
| | meter. (A)flat (B)high (C)set (D)deal |
| | vyrrat (D/mgn (C/Set (D/ucar |
| | |

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http://www.easywin.com.tw

| (B) 30. In southern Taiwan, people's ties to rural folk culture are strongest. Local |
|---|
| gods are more fervently worshipped. Tainan, for instance, has a temple heritage |
| second to |
| (A)one (B)none (C)any (D)some |
| (C) 31. An open-minded city, TaipeiAsia's first Gay Pride parade which has now |
| become an annual autumn event. |
| (A)expanded (B)governed (C)hosted (D)portrayed |
| (A) 32. I seem to have a fever. May I have a to take my temperature? |
| (A)thermometer (B)manometer (C)calculator (D)scale |
| From the end of World War II until the early 1990s, most countries in Central |
| Europe were communist, <u>33</u> their governments controlled all aspects of their |
| economies. However, with the end of the Cold War, and the <u>34</u> of the Berlin Wall, the |
| situation has changed dramatically. Since that time these countries have been |
| transitioning to market-based economies and businesses are ready to compete with |
| developed capitalist countries for profits. <u>35</u> they can be successful has been a hot |
| issue till today. |
| (A) 33. (A)meaning (B)demanding (C)allowing (D)witnessing |
| (D) 34. (A) resolution (B) revolution (C) abolition (D) demolition |
| (B) 35. (A)Whenever (B)Whether (C)Nevertheless (D)Consequently |
| (A) 36. Jack was the least popular student in our class because he always enjoyed |
| teasing and making jokesothers. |
| (A)at the expense of (B)with the consent of |
| (C) in agreement with (D) on behalf of |
| (A) 37. Most clothes are manufactured in distant countries under conditions in |
| pollution-emitting factories before being loaded into shipping containers. |
| (A)hazardous (B)hilarious (C)ridiculous (D)adventurous |
| (D) 38. Middle-aged smokers are far more likely than nonsmokers to dementia later |
| in life, and heavy smokers are at more than double the risk, according to a new |
| study. (A) deflect (B) demote (C) deliberate (D) develop |
| (D) 39. The depth of the current economic trauma is one that the ordinary Irish man or |
| woman has found hard to accept,fully comprehend. |
| (A)better not (B)rather than (C) if only (D)let alone |
| (C) 40. Baked goods are not a staple of a traditional Chinese diet, but they have been |
| quicklyamong China' s urban middle classes over the last 10 years. |
| (A)dashing on (B)moving on (C)catching on (D)getting on |
| (B) 41. Headlines have a function when they are designed to attract the attention |
| of the reader and interest him/her in reading the story. |
| (A)adhesive (B)persuasive (C)pervasive (D)defensive |
| (B) 42. Earth is unique in the universe for its of water, amounting to 70 percent |
| of its surface. |
| (A)benevolence (B)abundance (C)redundance (D)attendance |
| (A) 43. While courts in the U.S. generally favor the mother in the event of a divorce, |
| Taiwan family and divorce laws will grant custody to the father,some |
| other agreement is reached. |
| (A)unless (B)regardless (C)until (D)considering |
| (B) 44. Despite facing an imminent labor shortage as its population ages, Japan has |
| done to open itself up to immigration. |
| |

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(A)small (B)little

(D)less

(C) 45. The Presidential Office in Taiwan is a classic mix of European renaissance and baroque style architecture, _____ornate with simple features.
 (A)substituting (B)blazing (C)combining (D)penetrating

(C)none

- (A) 46. Unlike other springs locations, Taian Hot Springs is relatively serene, with no more than six large-scale resorts in the area, so the place is not as _____as Wulai and Beitou.
 - (A)congested (B)displaced (C)isolated (D)populated
- (B) 47. They _____all around the Mediterranean for eight weeks last summer and stopped off at a number of uninhabited islands.
 (A)campaigned (B)cruised (C)commuted (D)circulated
- (A) 48. Many foreigners who had visited Taiwan remembered the_____ of people packed into night markets and aromas floating through the air.
 (A) throngs (B)sequences (C)varieties (D)whereabouts
- (B) 49. Jason is thinking of purchasing a new _____because the springs in the old one have gone.
 (A)thermometer (B)mattress (C)microwave (D)refrigerator
- (C) 50. Beatrix's friend had given her a _____ interview before she actually went to meet the personnel manager of the company she was applying to.
 (A)luck (B)fake (C)mock (D)rack
- (D) 51. There are around 7,000 convenience stores in Taiwan, the highest concentration in the world. The ____7-Eleven chain offers a great range of services, from faxing and copying to bill payments for customers.
 - (A)customary (B)disposable (C)explicit (D)ubiquitous
- (A) 52. Many people consider Yangmingshan National Park a pleasant_____ from the bustle of the city.
 - (A) retreat (B) removal (C) departure (D) adventure
- (D) 53. Most_____ private schools are highly competitive that is, they have stiffer admissions requirements.

(A)fastidious (B)obscure (C)ponderous (D)prestigious

- (B) 54. Cursive II is a recent work of Taiwan's master choreographer Lin Hwai-min. He created Cursive, with its title _____ from Chinese calligraphy.
 (A)authorized (B)derived (C)evacuated (D)generalized
- (A) 55. The public education in Taiwan has been_____ from primary school through junior high school since 1968.
 (A) compulsory (P) disciplinary (C) regulatory (D) ordinary

(A)compulsory (B)disciplinary (C)regulatory (D)ordinary

(B) 56. Diabetes is a _____disease which is difficult to cure. Management concentrates on keeping blood sugar levels as close to normal as possible without presenting undue patient danger.

(A)gigantic (B)chronic (C)lunatic (D)pandemic

(D) 57. People who earn little or no income can receive public assistance, often called_____.

(A)hospitality (B)budget (C)pension (D)welfare

(C) 58. The Industrial Revolution, which began in the nineteenth century, caused widespread _____as machines replaced workers.

(A)postponement (B)curtailment (C)unemployment (D)abandonment

(C) 59. ____areas are more densely populated than rural areas. That is, they have more people per square mile.

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| (A)Advanced (B)Bureaucratic (C)Metropolitan (D)Spacious |
|--|
| (A) 60. Most countries take aevery ten years or so in order to count the people |
| and to know where they are living. |
| (A)census (B)censure (C)censor (D)censorship |
| (D) 61. Martial law was from Matsu in 1992, a number of years later than |
| "mainland" Taiwan. Matsu residents are now allowed to travel freely to and |
| from Taiwan. |
| (A)secluded (B)departed (C)expelled (D)lifted |
| (B) 62. Some people refuse to eat because it is made with parts of protected |
| animals. |
| (A)wonton soup (B)shark fin soup |
| (C)sauté beef (D)oyster omelet |
| (C) 63. The temple was really colorful. It had blue and red tiles all over it and there |
| were of different gods on the walls and on the roof. |
| (A)states (B)status (C)statues (D)stature |
| (B) 64. You can get cash from another country at the at the airport. |
| (A) information desk (B) currency exchange |
| (C)customs office (D)check-in counter |
| (B) 65. There was a lot of last night. At one stage there was a sudden flash of |
| light and a tree was knocked over and caught fire. |
| (A)rain (B)thunder (C)storm (D)wind |
| (A) 66. Research suggests that being bilingual may boost brain power as bilingual |
| children are found to be better at multitasking and tasks, doing the most |
| important things first. |
| (A)prioritizing (B)minimizing (C)eliminating (D)delimiting |
| (B) 67numerous typhoon disasters in recent years, the government has drafted a |
| coastline law in an effort to better care for land restoration and |
| conservation. |
| (A) In spite of (B) In light of (C) In terms of (D) In tune with |
| (D) 68. The Taiwan High Prosecutors Office vowed to harshly anyone caught hoarding food staples as part of the government's efforts to stabilize food prices amid |
| a string of price hikes following the Lunar New Year. |
| (A) take hold of (B) get a grip on |
| (C)put an end to (D)crack down on |
| (C) 69. May I remind you not toyour success on an important test by watching a |
| movie instead of studying hard. |
| (A)idealize (B)naturalize (C)jeopardize (D)characterize |
| (D) 70. Taiwan's premier said 2010 was a boom year for tourism in Taiwan and he |
| |
| (A)administered (B)advertized (C)acclaimed (D)attributed |
| An NGO in Malaysia has opened the country's first "baby hatch" for rescuing |
| unwanted newborns, as authorities battle increasing cases of abandoned babies. |
| Modeled on similar services in Germany, Pakistan and Japan, the NGO says the |
| facility will allow mothers to leave their babies anonymously. The hatch has a small |
| door which opens to an incubator bed on which a mother can place her baby Once the |

door which opens to an incubator bed on which a mother can place her baby. Once the door is closed an alarm bell will alert the NGO's staff to the baby's presence, after the mother has left. This way the baby can be kept safe, and the mother's identity never has to be known. Women, Family and Community Development Minister

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Shahrizat Abdul Jalil told a local newspaper that the service, to be offered by the NGO OrphanCARE, would give desperate mothers an alternative to abandoning or killing their babies.

Official statistics show 407 babies were abandoned between 2005 and 2009 in Malaysia, a Muslim-majority country where abstinence from sex is expected until marriage, and abortions are not readily available.

OrphanCARE said it had 200 prospective parents on a waiting list to adopt babies and gave an assurance that there will be no legal repercussions for those who leave their babies at the hatch. "Mothers who have babies <u>out of wedlock</u> are often in a fragile state. They don't know where to turn to or what to do with their babies," OrphanCARE president Adnan Mohamad Tahir was quoted as saying. In the country where sex is the taboo topic, it's likely that unwanted pregnancy will continue to happen. Ms. Mohamad Tahir hoped that the new baby hatch will give some children at least a better start in life.

(B) 71. According to the passage, which of the following statements about the abandoned babies is true?

(A)People from Germany, Pakistan and Japan are interested in adopting them. (B)Many of them are the results of premarital sex.

(C)Most of them are premature when first arriving at the OrphanCARE.

(D) These babies will never know their real names for the rest of their lives. (C) 72. Which does the passage suggest about Malaysia?

(A)The medical techniques of abortion develop slowly there.(B)Malaysian women who abandon their babies will be expelled from the Muslim community.

(C)There is an increasing trend of premarital sex in that country.

(D) In Malaysia, women who have sex before marriage will receive law suits.

(A) 73. What does the phrase "out of wedlock" in the middle of paragraph 3 mean?(A) the state of being unmarried

(B) the baby delivered outside hospital

(C)the act that is forbidden by religion

(D)the marriage that is not blessed

(D) 74. Which of the following is NOT true about the baby hatch?
(A)A similar device has been operated in other parts of the world.
(B)The service is meant to protect both the mother and the baby.
(C)The service is not funded by the Malaysian government.
(D)The staff will know of the baby' s presence when they hear the mother press the bell.

(B) 75. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?
(A)Increasing Newborn Babies in Malaysia
(B)Malaysia' s First Baby Hatch for Abandoned Babies
(C)The Muslim Population in Malaysia Decreases
(D)Malaysian Government Rescues Unwanted Newborns
Aboriginal groups are seeking to preserve their folkways and languages as well

as to return to, or remain on, their traditional lands. Eco-tourism, sewing and selling tribal carvings, jewelry and music has become a viable area of economic opportunity. However, tourism-based commercial development, such as the creation of Taiwan Aboriginal Culture Park, is not a panacea. Although these create new jobs, aborigines are seldom given management positions. Moreover, some national parks have

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been built on aboriginal lands against the wishes of the local tribes, prompting one Taroko activist to label the Taroko National Park as a form of "environmental colonialism." At times, the creation of national parks has resulted in forced resettlement of the aborigines.

Due to the close proximity of aboriginal land to the mountains, many tribes have hoped to cash in on hot spring ventures and hotels, where they offer singing and dancing to add to the ambience. The Wulai Atayal in particular have been active in this area. Considerable government funding has been allocated to museums and culture centers focusing on Taiwan's aboriginal heritage. Critics often call the ventures exploitative and "superficial portrayals" of aboriginal culture, which distract attention from the real problems of substandard education. Proponents of ethnotourism suggest that such projects can positively impact the public image and economic prospects of the indigenous community.

The indigenous tribes of Taiwan are closely linked with ecological awareness and conservation issues on the island, as many of the environmental issues are spearheaded by aborigines. Political activism and sizable public protests regarding the logging of the Chilan Formosan Cypress, as well as efforts by an Atayal member of the Legislative Yuan, "focused debate on natural resources management and specifically on the involvement of aboriginal people therein." Another high-profile case is the nuclear waste storage facility on Orchid Island, a small tropical island 60 km (30 nautical miles) off the southeast coast of Taiwan. The inhabitants are the 4,000 members of the Tao (or Yami) tribe. In the 1970s the island was designated as a possible site to store low and medium grade nuclear waste. The island was selected on the grounds that it would be cheaper to build the necessary infrastructure for storage and it was thought that the population would not cause trouble. Large-scale construction began in 1978 on a site 100 m (330 ft) from the Immorod fishing fields. The Tao tribe alleges that government sources at the time described the site as a "factory" or a "fish cannery," intended to bring "jobs [to the] home of the Tao/Yami, one of the least economically integrated areas in Taiwan." When the facility was completed in 1982, however, it was in fact a storage facility for "97,000 barrels of low-radiation nuclear waste from Taiwan's three nuclear power plants." The Tao have since stood at the forefront of the anti-nuclear movement and launched several exorcisms and protests to remove the waste they claim has resulted

in deaths and sickness. The lease on the land has expired, and an alternative site has yet to be selected.

- (C) 76. The first two paragraphs focus on _____.
 (A)the prosperity of the aboriginal tribes
 (B)the heritage of Taiwan Aboriginal Culture Park
 (C)the tension between tourism and environmental protection for aborigines
 (D)the struggle of Taiwan aborigines for education
- (C) 77. The tone of the article is $_$ ___.

(A)passionate (B)ironic (C)objective (D)indifferent
(B) 78. According to the article, which of the following statement is true?
(A)Few tribes attempt to invest in hot springs because of governmental policy.
(B)Eco-tourism cannot truly help the economic growth of Taiwanese aborigines.
(C)Tourism and nuclear waste are closely related on Orchid Island.
(D)The Tao people boost their economy through their influence in the Legislative Yuan.

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(D) 79. The Taroko National Park is labeled as a form of "environmental colonialism" because______.
(A) the aborigines do not get enough power and money
(B) the central government suppresses the aborigines
(C) the nuclear waste brings pollution
(D) the park was built despite the protests of local people
(A) 80. The nuclear waste on Orchid Island______.
(A) came mainly from three nuclear plants in Taiwan
(B) created new jobs for local people
(C) will be moved to foreign countries because of anti-nuclear movement

(D)has been stored since 1978

